§850.30 Housekeeping.

- (a) Where beryllium is present in operational areas of DOE facilities, the responsible employer must conduct routine surface sampling to determine housekeeping conditions. Surfaces contaminated with beryllium dusts and waste must not exceed a removable contamination level of 3 $\mu g/100~cm^2$ during non-operational periods. This sampling would not include the interior of installed closed systems such as enclosures, glove boxes, chambers, or ventilation systems.
- (b) When cleaning floors and surfaces in areas where beryllium is present at DOE facilities, the responsible employer must clean beryllium-contaminated floors and surfaces using a wet method, vacuuming or other cleaning methods, such as sticky tack cloths, that avoid the production of airborne dust. Compressed air or dry methods must not be used for such cleaning.
- (c) The responsible employer must equip the portable or mobile vacuum units that are used to clean berylliumcontaminated areas with HEPA filters, and change the filters as often as needed to maintain their capture efficiency.
- (d) The responsible employer must ensure that the cleaning equipment that is used to clean beryllium-contaminated surfaces is labeled, controlled, and not used for non-hazardous materials.

§850.31 Release criteria.

- (a) The responsible employer must clean beryllium-contaminated equipment and other items to the lowest contamination level practicable, but not to exceed the levels established in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, and label the equipment or other items, before releasing them to the general public or a DOE facility for non-beryllium use, or to another facility for work involving beryllium.
- (b) Before releasing beryllium-contaminated equipment or other items to the general public or for use in a non-beryllium area of a DOE facility, the responsible employer must ensure that:
- (1) The removable contamination level of equipment or item surfaces does not exceed the higher of 0.2 μ g/100 cm² or the concentration level of be-

- ryllium in soil at the point or release, whichever is greater;
- (2) The equipment or item is labeled in accordance with §850.38(b); and
- (3) The release is conditioned on the recipient's commitment to implement controls that will prevent foreseeable beryllium exposure, considering the nature of the equipment or item and its future use and the nature of the beryllium contamination.
- (c) Before releasing beryllium-contaminated equipment or other items to another facility performing work with beryllium, the responsible employer must ensure that:
- (1) The removable contamination level of equipment or item surfaces does not exceed $3 \mu g/100 \text{ cm}^2$;
- (2) The equipment or item is labeled in accordance with §850.38(b); and
- (3) The equipment or item is enclosed or placed in sealed, impermeable bags or containers to prevent the release of beryllium dust during handling and transportation.

§850.32 Waste disposal.

- (a) The responsible employer must control the generation of beryllium-containing waste, and beryllium-contaminated equipment and other items that are disposed of as waste, through the application of waste minimization principles.
- (b) Beryllium-containing waste, and beryllium-contaminated equipment and other items that are disposed of as waste, must be disposed of in sealed, impermeable bags, containers, or enclosures to prevent the release of beryllium dust during handling and transportation. The bags, containers, and enclosures that are used for disposal of beryllium waste must be labeled according to §850.38.

§850.33 Beryllium emergencies.

- (a) The responsible employer must comply with 29 CFR 1910.120(l) for handling beryllium emergencies related to decontamination and decommissioning operations.
- (b) The responsible employer must comply with 29 CFR 1910.120(q) for handling beryllium emergencies related to all other operations.